MP Day: Sample in:	39.00 Kg Asian	T	ntact: hdate: 1985-0- wins: No nder:	4-07	Gender: Female Age of EDC: 39.85 Year GA calc method: CRL Robinson
	2024-08-03 mm	Samp	ple NO.: 185058 le Date: 2024-08 L length: 61.10	3-02	Scan Date: 2024-08-02 GA: 12+4 NT length: 1.10 mm
Assay NO.		Result	Unit	MOM	Reference range
1	free-ß-HCG	30.10	ng/ml	0.44	
2	PAPP-A	10000.00	mIU/L	1.30	
3	NT	1.10	mm	0.69	
Age risk: 1:133 Parameter: Trisomy21 Risk: 1:13114 Cut Off: (< 1:150) Screaning Result: Negative				50 	21-3 syndrome risk Risk above cut off You risk 1: >10000 Age
Parameter: Trisomy18/13 Risk: 1:79287 Cut Off: (< 1:300)			100 ·	18-3 syndrome risk Risk above cut off You risk 1: >10000	

Advice: Diagnostic results with less risk

Screening Result: Negative

Parameter:

Note: *The basic information on the basis of Down's risk assessment in this report is provided at the time of your onsite. When you get this report, please first check whether your relevant information is correct. If there is any discrepancy, please contact your doctor in time, so as to feedback us the correct information and documents, then obtain the correct report.

>5000

50

Screening Result:

Age

**This report only can be reference and assistant for doctor, cannot directly give conclusion by this **

Cut Off:

Doctor: Checked by:

Print date: 2024-08-03 15:08:02

^{*}The high risk and borderline risk of trisomy 21 or trisomy 18 requires further interventional prenatal diagnosis (from fetuses such as villus, amniotic fluid, cord blood, etc.); high risk of neural tube defect (NTD), please go to ultrasound prenatal diagnosis qualified hospitals use ultrasound to exclude.

^{*}The risk of NTD is only calculated at 14-22 weeks.

^{*}The screening result with low risk only shows that the chance of this kind of congenital abnormality in your fetus is less, and the possibility of this kind of abnormality or other abnormalities cannot be completely ruled out. Please consult a doctor in time after you get the report, and the doctor will follow your Risks and other conditions (whether you are older than 35 years old, whether you have had more than one child with other deformities, or have other diseases such as tumors) are comprehensively considered to suggest whether you need to take further examination to confirm the diagnosis.