

| Patient data   |             |  |                                   |
|--|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Name   | MRS. ANOOPA | Patient ID   |                                   |
| Birthday   | 20 -07-1990 | Sample ID  | 2119041900002                     |
| Age at sample date   | 29.0        | Sample Date  | 19/04/2019                        |
| Gestational age  | 13 + 3      |  |                                   |
| Correction factors   |             |  |                                   |
| Fetuses  | 1           | IVF  | no                                |
| Weight   | 42          | diabetes   | no                                |
| Smoker   | no          | Origin   | Asian                             |
|  |             | Previous trisomy 21 pregnancies  | no                                |
| Biochemical data   |             | Ultrasound data  |                                   |
| Parameter  | Value       | Corr. MoM  |                                   |
| PAPP-A   | 10.1 mIU/ml | 1.85   | Gestational age 13 + 1            |
| fb-hCG   | 43.1 ng/ml  | 1.17   | Method CRL Robinson               |
| Risks at sampling date   |             |  | Scan date 18/04/2019              |
| Age risk   |             | 1:572  | Crown rump length in mm 70.0      |
| Biochemical T21 risk   |             | 1:8071   | Nuchal translucency MoM 1.17      |
| Combined trisomy 21 risk   |             | <1:10000   | Nasal bone present                |
| Trisomy 13/18 + NT   |             | <1:10000   | Sonographer .                     |
|  |             |  | Qualifications in measuring NT MD |
| Risk   |             | Trisomy 21   |                                   |
| 1:10   |             | <p><b>The calculated risk for Trisomy 21 (with nuchal translucency) is below the cut off, which indicates a low risk.</b></p> <p>After the result of the Trisomy 21 test (with NT) it is expected that among more than 10000 women with the same data, there is one woman with a trisomy 21 pregnancy.</p> <p>The calculated risk by PRISCA depends on the accuracy of the information provided by the referring physician. Please note that risk calculations are statistical approaches and have no diagnostic value!</p> <p>The patient combined risk presumes the NT measurement was done according to accepted guidelines (Prenat Diagn 18: 511-523 (1998)).</p> <p>The laboratory can not be hold responsible for their impact on the risk assessment ! Calculated risks have no diagnostic value!</p> |                                   |
|  |             |  |                                   |
| Trisomy 13/18 + NT   |             |  |                                   |
| <p><b>The calculated risk for trisomy 13/18 (with nuchal translucency) is &lt; 1:10000, which represents a low risk.</b></p> |             |  |                                   |

Sign of Physician

below cut off

Below Cut Off, but above Age Risk

above cut off