## KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Prisca 5.1.0.17

Date of report: 12-09-2019

| Patient data  |   |                         |                          |         |
|---|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Name MRS  | MRS. PARWINDER KAUR   |                         | Patient ID 1909220722/AI |         |
| Birthday  | 25-08-1996  |                         | Sample ID 1909220722/AM  |         |
| Age at delivery   | y 23.6  |                         | Sample Date              |         |
| Gestational age   | 12 + 6  |                         |                          |         |
| Correction factors  |   |                         |                          |         |
| Fetuses 1   | IVF   | no                      | Previous trisomy 21      | no      |
| Weight 53.4   | diabetes  | no                      | pregnancies              |         |
| Smoker no   | Origin  | Asian                   |                          |         |
| Biochemical data  |   | Ultrasound da           | ata                      |         |
| Parameter Value   | Corr. MoM   | Gestational             | age                      | 12 + 5  |
| PAPP-A 2.65 mIU/n   | nl 0.59   | Method CRL Robinsor     |                          |         |
| fb-hCG 79.6 ng/ml   | 2.30  | Scan date 10-09-2019    |                          |         |
| Risks at term   |   | Crown rump length in mm |                          | 66      |
| Age risk  | 1:1444  | Nuchal translucency MoM |                          | 0.77    |
| Biochemical T21 risk  | 1:357   | Nasal bone              |                          | present |
| Combined trisomy 21 risk  | 1:2287  | Sonographer             |                          |         |
| Trisomy 13/18 + NT  | <1:10000  | Qualification           | s in measuring NT        | MD      |
| 1:100  1:1000  1:1000  1:1000  1:1000  1:1000  Trisomy 13/18 + NT  The calculated risk for trisomy 13 translucency) is < 1:10000, which | The calculated risk for Trisomy 21 (with nuchal translucency) is below the cut off, which indicates a low risk.  After the result of the Trisomy 21 test (with NT) it is expected that among 2287 women with the same data, there is one woman with a trisomy 21 pregnancy and 2286 women with not affected pregnancies.  The calculated risk by PRISCA depends on the accuracy of the information provided by the referring physician. Please note that risk calculations are statistical approaches and have no diagnostic value!  The patient combined risk presumes the NT measurement was done according to accepted guidelines (Prenat Diagn 18: 511-523 (1998)).  The laboratory can not be hold responsible for their impact on the risk assessment! Calculated risks have no diagnostic value! |                         |                          |         |

Sign of Physician

Below Cut Off, but above Age Risk

above cut off